# Youths

## Divines Pastime.

CONTAINING

Forty Remarkable Scripture Histories, turned into common English Verse.

With Forty Curious Pictures proper to each Story.

Very Delightful for the Virtuous imploying the Vacant Hours of Young Persons, and preventing vain and vicious Divertisements.

Together with feveral Scripture Hymns upon divers occasions.

He certainly doth hit the White, Who mingles Profit with Delight.

Of Death and Judgment, Heaven and Hell, Who often thinks, must needs live well.

The Third Edition.

LONDON, Printed for Nath. Crouch at the Bell in the Poultrey near Cheapfide. 1691. Ch. 690/1 11626a.3

# UICENSED And ENTRED



Dear Youth, Tru: Wildoms Precepts learn,
And bearken to her Words,
She to all that obey her Voice,
A glorious Crown affords.

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## Epistle to Youth.

SWeet Children, Wisdom you invites

To hearken to her voice;
She offers to you rare Delights,
Most worthy of your choice.

Eternal Blessings in her ways,
You shall be sure to find,
O therefore in your youthful days,

Your Great Creator mind,

Upon a World vain, toilsom, foul

A Journey now you enter; The welfare of your Living Soul You dangerously adventure.

The Joys that other pleasure brings, With Vanities abound.

Nay, when in Streights they take their wings, Vexations they are found.

Then humbly strive without delay Grace in God's sight to find, And gladly now and all your days Your Great Creasor mind.

R. B.

#### I. Adam and Eve driven out of Paradice, Gen. 2.



A Dam and Eve were form'd of dust,
That was their Pedigree,
Yet had a grant never to die,
Would they obedient be.
And to add to their happiness,
In uprightness were made,
And into Eden they were put,
Under God's blessed Shade.
They wanted nothing, but had leave
This Garden to posses,

And there to eat and recreate Themselves in Blessedness.

They

#### Adam and Eve.

The Tree of Good and Evil, Letteating it should them berray

To Sin, Death, and the Devil.

But they were quickly drawn alide, By Satans fubrilty;

By whose advice they took and eat What caus'd speir milery.

They God's Command forget, and what

The Serpent's Craft o're them prevails Whereby they are betray'd.

Being thus faln, they next contrive

Excules how to frame,

To cover their Iniquity, A. And to conceal their Shame,

Adam doth Eve accuse, and she
All on the Serpent lays,

But still their guilt the more appears, Their Crime it more displays.

For which th' Almighty did them cast Out of his Paradice.

To make them know that Death and Woe Doth follow Sin and Vice.

A 4

II. Upon

#### II. Upon Cain and Abel, Gen. 4.



C Am seem'd a Zealous Worshiper,
Yet did he come behind
His Brother, Abel is preferrid,
'Cause he was best inclined.

But Abel walks by Faith,
Which made his Offering acceptable
To God, as Scripture faith,

To Jesus, yet to come,

Cain his own works o're-valued,

And a Curse carried home.

When

#### Cain and Abel.

When God in Judging did receive

Cause he had no respect.

And being proud, did much distain The Youth should him out-do, Yet finds no way repute to gain, But what adds to his Woe.

He takes his opportunity,
And doth his Brother kill,
'Caule he his God did glorifie,
And rightly do his Will.

This done, God asks, Where's Abel? Cains He says, I cannot tell, And yet he had poor Abel slain? Ob the deceits of Hell!

But Cain, a very dreadful sound

I from the Earth do bear,
Thy Brother's Blood spilt on the ground

Doth sadly pierce mine Ear.

Thou Wretch! Thou hast my Abel slain, His Blood revenge I will; Depart, see not my Face again Upon my Holy Hill.

A 5

III. Upon

#### III. Upon Noah's Flood, Gen. 6.7.



Hen Men by Sin and Violence Did stain the Earth with Blood, God did resolve to wash them thence By Waters of a Flood.

Yet did he warn before he struck, Noah was sent to tell

They by their Sins would God provoke To cast them down to Hell.

He also set an hundred years

Betwixt the threat and blow,

If haply they by Prayers and Tears

Might yet prevent their Woe.

He

#### Noah's Flood.

He likewise caus'd Noah to make
An Ark, thereby to save
His House, while those who did forsake
Him, might their Judgment have.

Thus patience was with threatning mixt,
But all did them no good;
Their minds on mischief they had fixt,
And so God sent the Flood.

Then some unto the Mountains slee,
And others climb the Trees,
Here one cries out, Ah! Woe is me,
He Death and Judgment sees.

But now alas it is too late,
Treasures of Wrath break out,
Their dismal, yea Eternal Fate,
Doth compass them about.

Now Mercy doth to Judgment turn,
Now finful pleasures sting.
The thoughts of years missipent return,
Terrors in every thing.

But where is Neah? In the Ark
Alive, in health and well,
Though at his Building they did mock,
He has escap'd their Hell.

IV. Up

V. Upon the Burning of Sodom and Gomorrah, Gen. 19.



1 N Canaan's Land did Sodom stand, Amidst a pleasant Plain. Like Eden 'twas, nor want, nor loss. They seemed to sustain.

They eat and drank, had all things full,
Whate're they could require,
God liberally provides for them,

They have their Hearts defire. SI

They bought and fold; Silver and Gold?
They in abundance had,

They decked were with Jewels fair,
And with fine Silk were clad.

Their

Their Fertile Fields much Corn did yield, Their Water-Springs ran clear, Their Sheep and Kine, Fig-trees and Vine

Brought Plenty every year.

They wanted not a Righteous Lot,
To teach them how to please
So good a Lord, who did afford
Them Riches, Health and Ease.

But Ah behold, how vile and bold These Men of Sodom were; To wantenness and all excess They all addicted are.

The Poor they sleight, in Lust delight, And live in Sodomy. Yea in their Pride at Lot deride,

And mock his Ministry.

For which th' Almighty with a Rod
O. Brimstone set on Fire,
Drives from the Earth to dismal Death,
These objects of his Ire.

To Ashes turns their Cities; Burns
Their Fields, and all the Plain;
Makes them a Sign of Wrath Divine,
By a most Fiery Rain.

V. Upon

#### V. Upon Abraham's Offering Isaac, T Gen. 22.



Whom God the Promise made, That in his Seed we blest should be, And thence should come our Aid.

Isac his Son he did beget,
From whom that Seed should spring,
Who on the Throne of God should six
As Prophet, Priest and King.

But now fince God his Promise kept,

By giving him a Son.

And fince that Abraham did avouch
God for the Holy One.

#### Abraham and Isaac.

He tempted him, and bid him go Unto his Holy Hill,

And there by Sacrifice undo What he meant to fulfil.

Without delay then Abraham went With Fire, with Wood, and Knife, And with a resolute intent

To take his Iface's life.

Being come, he there an Altar makes, The Wood in order lay, And then the bloody Knife he takes

God's Counsel to obey.

Nor did he unadvifedly
In this his bold Attempt,
If God will have his Isaac die,
Abraham won't him exempt.

Accounting, had he flain his Son,
And shed his innocent Blood,
The Promise would be still perform d,
His God could make it good.

For his Obedience God doth give Him Isaac back again, A fign that he by Christ should live, And in his Grace remain,

VII. Upon

# VI. Upon Joseph and his Mistres, Gen. 30.



To Potiphar, a Man of War, Young Joseph for a Slave was fold, And was so just unto his Trust, His Master never him controull'd.

Now Joseph's Mistress, void of shame Upon him cast a lustful Eye, And without fear unto him said, I prithee Joseph with me lye.

O impudent, why not content,
With what by Marriage was thy share,
How consident, how word of grace
Does this thy motion thee declare?

To modest Wives thou art a shame, Who all such wickedness decry, And all such Harlots will exclude And banish from their Company.

But would he be, and do as she With shameless Face did him desire?

No; Sicred Story to his Glory, Says he from her did foon retire,

For which a false and treacherous part
She did to innocent Foseph show,
Since her lasciviousness he hates,
She into Prison will him throw.

Therefore a cry she instantly
Did seign, pretending she was Chaste,
Alas, said she, be'll ravish me,
Come, come, to my relief make baste.

Thus Joseph, 'cause he faithful was, Did grief indure most wrongfully, While Poriphar his Wise adores,

For her pretended Honesty.

As guilty of Dilloyalty;
With Fetters bound, for Crimes unknown,
Yet from advanced to dignity.

VII. Upon

#### VII. Upon Joseph and his Brethren, Gen. 42. 43.



When Joseph's Brethren had him fold, and into Egypt he was gone,
They went home, and their Father told,
An evil Beast had slain his Son.

This did they, 'cause their evil deeds, He to their Father us'd to tell, Who Vice corrects, but bardly speeds, Though by so doing he means well.

They likewise hate him for his Dreams, Scorning he should above them be.

Pride always runs men to extreams, And envies those that rise more high.

Yet

Yet Joseph up at last is set,
Made next to Pharaob in the Land.
The Cross to Dignity's no let,
The purpose of the Lord shall stand.

A Famine makes them hunt for Bread, Distrest, they come to Joseph's Door. What Men despise when they are Great, They'll not disdain if once grown Poor.

To Joseph now they cringe and bow, And give him both the Cap and Knee. The baughty looks the Lord knows how To bring unto bimility.

He charges them with being Spics.

Oh! ye are served justly now,

Remember your poor Brother's cries.

Falshood and These he to their charge Doth lay; to mind them of their Sin, Imprisons, and sets them at large, To shew his Dream sulfill'd had been.

At last he tells them who he was,

He kisses and forgives them too,

Tells them, the Crown he got by th' Cross;

There's none but Christ the like can do.

VIII. Upon

VIII. Upon Moses in the Ark of Bullrushes, Exod. 2.



THY Mother when she saw thy Face, Concluded thus of thee,

A Man above the common Race Of Men, my Son will be.

Therefore when the no longer could.
Thee in her Bosom hide,

To fave thee from the Tyrants wrath, An Ark she did provide,

Compos'd of Bulrushes, wherein Being put, she down thee laid Upon the Rivers brink, in hope That God would send thee aid.

Soon

Soon after Pharaoh's Daughter came Unto this very place, She fees the little Ark, and fends Her Maid, it to uncase.

When opening this Rushy House, She there a Babe doth spy, Thou wepts, her Bowels yearn, and she Bewails thy destiny.

Thy Sifter comes and tells her she
A Nurse for thee will call;
Who thy own Mother is, what could
More happily thee befal.

This Child, said she, nurse thou for me, And Wages thou shalt have. His Mother now Becomes his Nurse, Nought kills when God will save.

Being now grown up, he comes to Court, Where owned as the Son Of *Pharach's* Daughter, he Respect And Reputation won.

And Moses call'd, because he was Taken out of the River, Who in his early years began His Brethren to deliver.

# IX. Upon Moses and the Burning Bushand Exod 3.



When Moses kept his Fathers Sheep
At Horeb, he did see
What made him quake, a Bush on Fire
Which could not burned be.

He saw the slaming, with amaze,
But whilst he view'd this wonder,
There suddenly from thence proceeds
A Voice much like to Thunder.

Moses, thy Shoes thou must unlose, Thou stand st on Holy Ground, The Lord, thy Father's God is here, Who doth with Grace abound.

l've

I've heard and seen, and long have been With Jacob's groans affected, For belp they crave, and I will save

From Egypt mine afflicted.

Out of this Land I them will bring, In Canaan they shall dwell. Their Cause I'll plead I will them lead.

Because I love thom well.

I thee will unto Pharaoh fend For their deliverance;

By Signs and Wonders done by thee, My Glory I'll advance.

Doubt not, nor be at all dismay'd To go before the King,

Free from all danger, I the Lord Thee safely back will bring.

Moses now saw the real cause.
The Bush was not consum'd;
He knew where God made his abode,
Fire rather there persum'd.

Moses and Aaron then to Court Upon God's Message go, And bid the King set Israel free, The Lord will have it so.

X. Upon

X. Upon the Plagues of Egypt, Exod. 7, 8, 9, 10.



To him he did this Message The Lord saith, Let my People go (bring To serve me with mine Offering.

But he refus'd he will not hear,
God therefore on him Plagues did fend,
Yet still he turned a deaf Ear,
And God with Plagues his life did end.

He turn'd their Waters into Blood, From whence a Plague of Frogs did spring, Which over-spread the Land, and came Into the Chambers of the King.

He

He still rebels; God next sends Lice, And swarms of Flies in all their Coasts, To make them know none can withstand Jebovah, the Lord God of Hosts.

He's hardned still; the Murrain next Infects all Cattel in the Land. (plagues, With Boils and Blains God next them Magicians cann't before him stand.

To this succeeds a Plague of Hail,
With Thunder mixt and Flames of Fire,
Yet all could not prevail; the King
Performs not what God doth require.

He will not yet let Ifrael go,
The Locusts next by Gods command
Are sent to eat up all green things,
Who instantly devour the Land.

The Heart of Pharaob still is proud,
He yet refuses to obey,
God them incompasses about
With horrid darkness night and day.

He still persists; till in one Night

Egypt's First-born the Lord did slay,

Which put them all in such a fright,

That Pharach bid them go their way.

B. XI. Upon

XI. Upon Pharaoh and his Host drowned in the Red Sea, Exod 14.



Hen Pharaob had let Ifrael go,
And they were marching to their
He foon repents his doing fo, (place,
And calleth back his Act of Grace,

Then furiously he them pursues, Resolving he reveng d will be, For all the mischiefs he had fest, They now shall feel his cruelty?

At length he doth them overtake,
As they incamped by the Sea,
Which filled all their Hearts with dread,
They see there's now no Room to flee.

They

#### Pharaoh in the Red Sea.

They made unto the Lord their Prayer,
But seeing Pharaob was so nigh,
Their Fairh was mixed with despair,
They all cry out, we die, we die.

But Moses bid them not to fear,
Stand still (saith he) and you shall see
Salvation; God will now appear
And your Deliverer will be

Moses his Hand stretcht out; The Sea With open Arms doth them embrace. Let Israel still their God obey, And they'l be safe in any place.

Pharaeb pursues; comes near; when le An Angel doth his speed abate. Takes off his Wheels, stops his Career, A Cloud doth him infatuate.

ir

e,

1,

He fears, and fees God dorth opposed bod Him in his bloody enterprizes and T Yes still is hardned; on he goes, we do id W Revenge and Malice blind his Eyes C

Over it Moses shakes his Rod.

They all are drowned in their Pride, well

According to the Word of God.

B 2

XII. Upon

#### XII. Upon the Brazen Serpent, Numb. 21.



OD's Ifrael 'gainst him rebel In Edom's Wilderness, They Manna slight, as Bread too light, Which brings them great distress.

God Fiery Serpents on them fent, Their murmurings to allay,

Which with their blting and their ftings

This to Repentance brought them, and They supplicate their God, He would remove this grievous Plague

And take away this Rod.

Upons.

Yes

Yea Moses too with Prayers doth wooe The Lord for Israel:

When they repent, God foon provides The means to make them well.

Moses was bid by God, of Brass He should a Serpent make,

That those among them who were stung. Of Healing might partake.

This Serpent then as on a Cross Was lifted up on high,

And those who saw it were preserv'd, Though stung, they did not die.

This Serpent Lord doth represent Thy well-belowed Son,

Who when Mankind were stung with Sin And utterly undone,

Thou didst advance him on the Cross

That all who do believe,

And yield Obedience unto him,

Assistance might receive.

Let us not therefore shut our Eyes,

But look to him for aid,
In all our wants and miseries,

And never be afraid.

B 3

XIII. Upon

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XIII. Open Balaam and his Ass,



B Alak much feating Israel
To Balaam sends, that he
Would come and curse Gods Heritage,
Thereby his Land to free.

Balaam was ready, but forbid By God, so great a crime, And therefore stays till Balak sent Again a second time.

Then Balaam would no more refuse,
But does with him comply,
And thereby is at length involved
In Balak's destiny.

XIII. Upon

He

He takes his Servants, and his Als, And so away doth go, Forgetting what God to him said, Balak will have it so.

An angry Angel with his Sword
Appears, him to withstand,
The As him sees, and Balaces saves
By flying from his Hand.

He heats his As into the way,
The Angel then doth fland
In such a place, that Balaam now
His Assemble not command.

But beat him; whereupon the Ass His Master doth reprove For being cruel to him, when To keep him safe he strove.

And now this seems a very strange And an unequal strife, Balaam resolves to kill his As Because he saves his life.

Thus God by Brutes sometimes is pleas d
Mens follies to correct,
When they refuse Obedience,
And his Commands rejecti
B 4. XIV. Upon

XIV. Upon the Fall of the Walls of Jericho. Joshua 6.



When I frael over Jordan got,
To feriche they quickly went
Because it was part of their Lot,
By the Great God's Commandement.

They blockt it up on every fide,

None could get out, nor none go in,

Thus God began to check the Pride O'th' Canaanites who liv'd in fin.

Arms never heard of us demust be bed and I By Ifrael to gain the Town, the transmit they feel.

They must found Rams horns till they feel.

The Walls of Fericho fall down.

Six

Six days the Ark must compass it,

And Armed Men about it go,

But must not speak a word as yet,

Nor with a Weapon strike a blow.

The feventh day they feven times go
With found of trumpet round the town,
Which done, they gave a shour, and lo
The Walls of Fericho sall down,

Thus did the Lord let Ifrael see

He needed not their Sword nor Bow.

By strange and most unlikely means

He can destroy his strongest Foe.

Yea he to them a promise makes,
Would they his Laws hearken unto.
The rest of Canaan for their sakes
Should soon become like Jeriobo.

By this we see what Faith can do. S. By Faith they did Besiege the Town, H. By Faith they oft surrounded it. S. By Faith its mighty Walls fell down. H.

Thus they that put their confidence of Mandstruft alone in God the Lord.

Shall find that he deliverance

Will always unto them afford.

XV. Upon

XV. Upon Samfon and Dalilah, Judges 16.



Uit Samfon have a Dalilah? Will he that Harlot love? She'll make him bitterly repent, A Dalilah thell prove.

To her bewitching Beauty, and Her charming Tongue was he was So much a Slave, whate re the aske that He nothing could deny

Who being hired by his Foes, To know where lay his ftrength, Shetries her feveral Arts, and fo Prevails on him at length vanila line

She makes him sleep upon her Lap, And then the cuts his Locks, And calling in the Philistines, They seize on him with mocks,

Thus veliant Samfan was betray'd,
And given as a prey
Unto his Foes; whom lockt in Claims
They in a Dungeon lay

And now when he designs to act

As he had done before;

Tis but in vain, his strength is gone,
He can do so no more.

Is this the Man, the Champion who
The Lion tore in (under?
Is this the Mighty Conqueror
Whose Arm destroy'd like Thunder?

Is this the Man who only with The Jaw-bone of an Ass Destroy'd a thousand Philistines? Yet now a Slave? Alas!

Lord watob, Lord keep, Lord save us all,
Be with us night and day,
When tempted we are apt to fall,
And often go astray.

XVI. Upon

Samfon and Dalilah

XVI. Upon Samions pulling the House on the Philistines. Judges 16.



Next labour to fecure thine Eyes,
They'll pluck them our, and then with form
Over thee they will Tyrannize.

Thou once their plague, art now their fport,
See what thy crimes have brought thee
On thy Religion they reflect
And cry, God Dagon wrought thy woe.

In Brazen Shackles thou dolf lyes and area And forced art to grind their Mill.

Ah! to what mifery art thou brought By yielding to an Harlots will.

Yet

Yet O Philistines, have a care His Locks begin to grow again,

And with them that great strength whereby So many thousands he hath slain,

But over-joyed, that take no thought Of that. It is a Feasting day

They have him fast, and now resolve That he to them shall sport and play.

Samson is brought, all forts repair
To see Blind Samson in the Hall.

Who sometimes stumbles, sometimes falls, And seeks about to find the Wall.

Between the Pillars they him place.
Where he is scoft at and abus d.

It fill'd his Heart with grief and rage.
To find himself so basely us'd.

And bows himself with all his power!

He plucks the Pallace to the ground, and all A thouland flays at his last hour a but

Thus dy'd Heavens Champion with renown.
And at his Death more Honour won.

Than by his Glorious Conquests he is Even all his Life before had done.

XVII. Upon

XVII. Upon David and Goliah, I Sam. 17.



Hen Ifraet gainst the Philistines
Made War under King Saul,
They had a Giant in their Host
Whom they Goliah call.

He taller was than others far, In Brength he did excel. He had an Head-piece all of Brass, And he with Pride did swell,

He marches up to Israel's Tents,
And boldly thes proclaim
Defiance to the best of them
That dare at him to aim.

The

The Argelises were much afraid
And trembled at his voice,
Which made their Enemies laugh and scoff

And over them rejoice.

Thus proud Goliab oft doth vaunt, And challenge them to Fight, But there was none the courage had To meet this Man of Might.

When David comes into the Holf, And hears the boasts he makes, He much disdains his Blasphemies, The Combate underrakes.

Goliab doth the Youth despite, Swears he will have his life, David as valiantly replies, His death shall end the strife.

Goliab comes with Sword and Spear,
But David with a Sling,

And though the Giant rage and swear, David him down doth bring.

He only slings a little Stone
And therewith lays him dead,
Which done he bravely marches on
And then cuts off his Head.

XVIII. Upon

odT

XVIII. Upon David and Abigail,
1 Sam. 25.



In great diffress to th' Wilderness
Of Paran David fled,
To save himself from surious Saul,
Who close him followed.

Being on want he sends his Men To Nabal for relief, But die instead of Food, returns What added to his grief.

David he calls a Run-away,
And nothing will bestow,
He will not give his Bread and Drink
To Men he does not know.

The

### David and Abigail.

The young Men back to David come, And Nabal's words declare,

Who vows his Family to flay, And none of them to spare.

When one of Nabel's Servants heard His Master so severe, He told his Wife, who instantly The Consequence did fear.

Plenty of Bread and Wine the takes
And unto David goes,
To pacify his wrath and fave
Her House from Blood and Woes.

Being discreet at David's Feet
She falls, and favour craves,
Prays he'll be pleas'd to be appeas'd,
Since God him often faves.

He hears her voice and does rejoyce, and She kept him back from Blood, Too He up her lifts, receives her Gifts, And promises her good, Too He up her lifts, receives her Gifts, and promises her good, Too He up her lifts, receives her Gifts, and the lifts and the lift and th

Took away Nabal's Life,
Then David lent for Abigail
And took her to his Wife.

baA

XIX. Upon

### XIX. Upon David and Bathsheba, 2 Sam. 11.



WHen Foab against Ammon fought
King David staid at home,
And on his House did use to walk
Till Foab back should come.

From conquering his Enemies,
One Evening thus imploy'd,
Bathsheba who was very fair
Bathing her self he spied.

Her Beauty prov'd a snare to him,
He sent, and she is brought,
With whom he folly doth commit,
Which him much mischief wrought.

And

And to conceal his wickedness,
And cover this vile deed,
Her Husband poor Uriah's doom'd,
Though innocent, to bleed.

This faithful valiant Souldier Must be exposed to die, Lest he his Wives Adultery Should happen to descry.

Josh must be imploy'd therein, Who never asks the Cause, David then takes her to his Wife; And thus rejects Gods Laws.

Lord of the best of men may thus
So foully sin and fall,
What need have we to watch and pray!
And on thy Name to call;

For thy assistance and thy grace Temptations to withstand, That they may ne're prevail on us To break the least Command.

Since we observe that one sin still Is followed by another, Vainly, like David, men design The first the last shall cover.

XX. Upon

#### XX. Upon David and Nathan, 2 Sam. 12.



D'Avid a while lay quietly,
And thought his Crime conceal'd,
But foolish Man can never hide
What God will have reveal'd.

For Nathan came, and in Gods Name Lay'd to his charge this fin, And threatens him, that for the same The Lord will visit him.

Thou didst, quoth he, this secretly, But I before the Sun Will shew to all how I detest The Fact that thou hast done.

Uriah's

#### David and Nathan.

Uriah's Wife, and then his Life, Were subject to thy Lust,

And now thy Wives and Childrens death.

Thus faith the Lord, I'll draw my Sword Against thy Family,

And first the Adulterous Child now Born I do pronounce shall die.

I made thee king, and gave thee Wives And all thou couldst desire,

Yea more I would have done for thee,

If more thou couldst require.

But fince mine Enemies now Blaspheme

For these thy evil ways, Thy House shall have no rest no

Thy House shall have no rest nor peace VVithin it all thy days.

Thou dost confess thy wickedness,
I'll therefore thee forgive,
Yet to be sure thou must endure
My wrath whilst thou dost live.

Thus God declares he will not spare
The best, but them chastise;
Let us then fear him to offend,
For he is just and wise.

XXI. Upon

XXI. Upon David and Ablaton, 2 Sam. 13.



D'Avid doth still Goos Judgments see, Now Absolom conspires; His best beloved Absolom, His Fathers Death desires.

And now invades the Grown, David's grey Hairs with forrow he Will bring unto the ground.

The Politick Achitophel.
In League with him doth join,
The Rebels now grow confident
Of carrying their Delign.

David

David flyes from Jerufalem,
VVeeps as he goes along,
VVith covered Head, and bared Feet:
The Traitors fill grow frong.

Alas! what shall poor David do?

He calls upon the Lord,

And of him humbly doth implore,

He would his Aid afford.

God hears his Prayer, confounds his Foes, Brings all their Plots to nought.

In rage Achicophel hangs himself, In his own Snare he's caught,

Joab purfues young Absolom, Affur'd of Victory,

And finds him hanging by the Locks, I'th' Branches of a Tree.

And notwithstanding David's Charge
He to him should be kind,
He with a Dart pierces his Heart;
The Youth his Life resign'd.

Then David mourns for Absolom,
As for an only Son;
Yea, his dear Absolom's Life to save,
Wilhes his own had gone.

XXII. King

XXII. King Solemon and the two Harlors, 1 Kings 2.



WHen Solomon in Peace possest The Throne of Israel, His Wildom far and neer was known, Most King's he did excel.

It happened two Harlots begg'd

Of him to do them Right;

Who having heard them plead their Cause Soon brought the Truth to light.

Both dwelt together in one House, Each did a Man-Child bear: One Woman over-laid her Son Ith Night for want of Care.

And

49

Then rifes up, and in the dark

Doth to the other come,

And takes away her living Child,

Leaving her dead ith room.

Leaving her dead ith room.

The Mother wakes, the dead Child finds, But looking well thereons

At length the certainly concludes This Child is not her own.

The other holdly doth affirm,

The Difference is to great that they Could not be reconcild.

The King hears all, and thinks this Caufe
Affection must decide,

Calls for a Sword, and tells them he
The live Child will divide.

The Mother of the living Child Fearing it should be dain.

Yields that the other it should have And thereby makes it plain.

That the the real Mother is.

The King for Wildom is renown'd, His Name more famous grows.

XXIII, Elijah





bab's Time, great Wickedness Was acted in the Land For which, God now resolves they shall Feel his afflicting Hand.

Elijah came, andfin the name ! gained Of God to him declarer, and technology No Dew nor Rain upon the Earth Shall fall in full three Years.

Abab is wroth the Prophet flies, And by the Lord's Command At Cherith hides, till God remove 1 The Famine from the Land.

### Elijah fed by Ravens.

And there (faith God) by Ravens I Thee constantly will feed.

They we're fault fail thee to supply With what thou stand it in need.

Elijah nothing doubts, but goes Where God did him advise:

Meners fould want supplies.

Of what is fit, and good for as; Which this good kropher found, What is fo far from wanting, that

He feement to abound.

And bring him Bread and Fleih,
And every Evening do the fame,
Wherewith they him refresh.

Thus of the most unlikely means and a diff.

God sometimes makes bufe and bill

Birds, Baefts and Fishes do his will, hand

They cannot it refuse him will had

A Lion did with Honey feed to Dange Good Samson; from the faw do had The Waters burft to quench his Thirst; and All must shey Gods Law.

C 2

XXIV. Upon

### XXIV. Upon Elijah's Fiery Chariots Kings 2.



TOod Man! how weary was thy Soul I of violence and ftrife. So great were thy Afflictions thou Wast weary of thy life.

Thou hunted wast from place to place ad I Hid in a Den or Cave smitsmood hoo Because thou didst Rependance preach will And Ifrael wouldst fave to the property of the course years

Then God gave ear unto thy Prayle, I A. And bid thee to prepare, woll as & too

Thou now must into Heaven fly at Wed T Thy Heart before was there. Them IIA

XXIV. Upon This

	Elijah's Fiery Chariot. 5337
ľ	This welcome Message having heard .VXX
I	He goes to Fericho,
1	And hence to fordan he makes halfe
	For curckly he must go.
	riumphasely he marchos on,
	El la dothartend,
A	and all the way the Prophets Cay
	Thy Mafter must ascend,
V	Vhen they were unto forden come
	Ellas finites the Flood
I	he Waters presently give way
	All duras to man for good.
1	71 Property of the second seco
V	nen late got through, Elijah lays.
ľ	When fafe got through, Elijah fays, What shall I do for thee?
	What shall I do for thee?  the (says Elisha) that thy Spirit
	What shall I do for thee?  Ib (says Elisha) that thy Spirit A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
A	What shall I do for thee?  b (says Elisha) that thy Spirit of a Might doubled be on me, and and and a shall of the says they walk a Charlot
A	What shall I do for thee?  The (says Elisha) that thy Spirit Might doubled be on me, and and and a shall own as they walk, a Charlot of Fire does appear.
Z	What shall I do for thee?  Ib (says Elisha) that thy Spirit  Might doubled be on me, and assumed a self- own as they walk, a Chariot  Of Fire does appear,  akes up Elijah into th' Air,
Z	What shall I do for thee?  Ib (says Elisha) that thy Spirit  Might doubled be on me, and assembled to was they walk, a Chariot  Of Fire does appear,  akes up Elisah into th' Air,  But leaves Elisha there.
Z T	What shall I do for thee?  Ib (says Elisha) that thy Spirit  Might doubled be on me, and assembled and I am a shall a
A N T Sv	What shall I do for thee?  The (says Elisha) that thy Spirit  Might doubled be on me, and and and I all ow as they walk, a Chariot.  Of Fire does appear,  akes up Elisha into th' Air,  But leaves Elisha there.  Vistly he through the Sky doth ride in and I.  And into Heaven's received.
A N T Sv	What shall I do for thee?  The (says Elisha) that thy Spirit  Might doubled be on me, and as add a standard and I  ow as they walk, a Charlot  Of Fire does appear,  akes up Elisha into th' Air,  But leaves Elisha there.  wistly he through the Sky doth ride in and I  And into Heaven's received, I bluow H  lisha having lost his Lord
A N T Sv	What shall I do for thee?  The (says Elisha) that thy Spirit  Might doubled be on me, and and and I all ow as they walk, a Chariot.  Of Fire does appear,  akes up Elisha into th' Air,  But leaves Elisha there.  wistly he through the Sky doth ride in and I all of I all ow I all of I all ow I
A N T Sv	What shall I do for thee?  The (says Elisha) that thy Spirit  Might doubled be on me, and as add a standard and I  ow as they walk, a Charlot  Of Fire does appear,  akes up Elisha into th' Air,  But leaves Elisha there.  wistly he through the Sky doth ride in and I  And into Heaven's received, I bluow H  lisha having lost his Lord

T

### XXV. Upon the Bears destroying Forty Children, 2 Kings 201



E Lijah gone, Etijha now

At Jericho does flay,

The Prophets Sons perswade him that

His Master find they may.

He them forbids, but they perfult.
And urge him to't again,

But after three days feeking him They find it is in vain.

The Citizens then him intreat want of visited He would their Waters cure. Ho of bnA

Which he performs, and healthfulness addition Doth unto them procure, was about

Then

Two Bears kill Forty Children. Then doth he roward Betbel go, But as he past along, Many young Children from the Town Him followed in a throng. And mocking him they loudly cry'd, Go up thou Bald bead, go, He meekly hears them for a while, Which made them bolder grow. They fill mack on, at length he turns And fernly doth them eye, His angry words are worfe than blown As they find inhently. He doth them in the Lords Name Curie, And quickly there appears, Our of the dismal neighbouring Wood, Two ravenous fierce the Bears, 15 ddo I Who foon do these young Scoffers seize, And them in pieces tear; and lawo all They in a moment forty flay, While others fly for fear. Thus thefe Touths justly lost their lives, Because they did miscall Gods Prophet; Ab! Young Men, let this I A warning be to all XXVI. Upon

XVI. Upon Jezebel eaten by Dogs, 2 Kings 9.



ing Abab wasa Wicked Man, And bad a vitious Wife Call'd Jezebel; She treacherously Robb'd Nabal of his life.

Becaute her would not let her have noot on W His own Inheritance song ar med ba A And prospering in her wickedness and you! She therein did advance, and to slid W

The Prophets of the Loid mibefore oled tind T She caused to bellain with radia of social Yearthe ald thinke to Murder all sengers the

That there might none remain. XXVI. Unons

When

E're Night by Dogs is eaten, and ail of I Of Burial found no places we expected

The

XXVII. Upon

# Jezebel enten by Dogs. Jezebel enten by Dogs. Jezebel enten hamman magu. IIVXX For her leiener.



E Sther's Belov'd, Wedded, and Crown'd.

A Treason Mondecas betray'd,

The Traytors are pursu'd and found,

Their Lives they for their Treason paid.

Hamanth' Amalente by Race,

A Favourite, and in much grace, ovi His rage to Mordecal express, to the and I

For his not bowing as the reft.

For the delibration of the Jews, 1911 The King conferred and in his Name

Decrees were fent to effect the fame.

The

### Haman and Mordecai.

The fews and Mordecai lament
Their miseries and great distresses,

Bur Alexan the Queen possesses with cruel Hamon's foul intent,

He sid implor'd the Queen refuses

To help them, and her self execuses,

But (urg'd by Mordecai) consents

To die, or cross their Foes intents.

Unro the King Queen Esther goes, He unexpected sevour shows, Demands her Suit & She doth request The King and Haman to a Feast.

Mordecai's want of reverence.

Great Hamen's haughty pride offends.

Acquaints his Wife with the offence.

Acquaints his Wife with the offence I had asks her Counfel, and his Friends.

The King asks Haman what respects of T Becomes the Man whom he affects, and And with that blonour dotherepay similar. The good deferts of Mordecaied mod W

The Queen brings Hamen's acculation,
The King's difficulty and in a Pattion
And for his Offices, commands that he
Fifty Foot high half hanged be.
XXVIII. Upon

# Haman and Mordecai. You the History of Job, T. 2.



SAtan appears, and then professes of the Himself Mans Enemy; confesses of Gods love to Job; questions his Faith, PA Gains power over all he hath.

The frighted Messengers tell Job And I his fourfold loss; he tears his Robe, 2009 Submits him to the Almighty's frush what Whom he conclude the to be Just 2009 of T

Satan a fecond time appears ind noon of T Before th' Eternal, boldly dares world Abuse Job's tried Faith asresh, of back And gains th' Afflicting of his Flesh.

XXV III, Upwa

706

70b plagu'd with Ulcers, groveling lyes Plung'd in a gulf of miseries,

TIS WAITER CO SIGNISTONIA STEEL Historica Friends will and Indehillion

O'rewhelm's with grief he breaked fouth Into imparience, gainst his Birth, Professes that his Heart did doubt-And fear what fince hath fallen our

e counts his forcows, and from theme Hocules his impatience,

Describes the Shortness of his time And makes confession of his crime.

Rath Eliphas dorh aggravate The Sins of Job, and his fad State. Whom Job reproving; juffiles Himself bewails his miseriest an no Y en

With his Providen. God questions him, and proves that Man Cannot atrain to things to high w doug As Divine Secrets, frace he can Not reach to Natures Secrecy, anaios IIA

God speaks to him the second time in a woll Fob yields his Sin prepents his Crime; God checks his Friends, reftores his Health. Gives him new like double Wealth W XXIX. Upon

Shadrach

XXIX. Upon the three Children in the fiery Furnace. Dan. 3



Hen Frael was Captive led and en'T For Sin to Babylon, 1 407 mod W ne Youths the King shole and them fed With his Provision.

These Children were well-favoured, Such whom he could differ and were appeared with Knowledge, and were appeared to the such that were the such that

All Sciences to Learn.

Now among these food Youths there were ob yields his Sin boxes for shis bibort W

Whom the King Governours did make. Which Tyust they managed well a sovie XXIX. Epons Shadrach.

The three Children in the Furnace. 63
Shadrach, Melhach, Abedrego,
O're his Affairs were fer
Bu Dayer Tived in the Court
The Bing 4 Golden Image made,
And wholee're won't worthip it
Must certainly be flain.
Yet thefe three Men do this refule,
At which the King is wroth,
And doth command that infantly Before him they be brought.
Into a fiery Furnace their L'apple Link
Orders that they be thrown as W
But they received no hurt thereby, siving al
They trust in Heav'n alone add real gill
One like the Son of God was there and but Which when the King did fee man il
He calls them forth and doth declare in 10
Their Godding God finite Tderes T
He also them restores unto Wind State He also them restores unto
Their tormer dimnity
And doth command all shall adore
I heir Godas the Molt High.
XXX. Upon

XXX. Upon Daniel in the Lions Dens Dan. 6.



D'Aniel escap'd the River but yeth a oun!
Was cust into the Densal arebro
He envietowas because he rise our your wall
Higher than other Mon, at hurt year?

And fince they could not him infnare, I of the Crowns of the W

Of his Religion they complain, and allowed Thereby to bring him down of his I

They cry, O King make a Decree.

And Seal it with thy Ring,

That those be to the Lions cast

Who will not do this thing. On rish I'

XXX, Upm

AH

Daniel in the Lions Den. 65
All Men as God shall thee adore,
And unto thee shall pray,
And wholoever doth refule This Edict to obey
He shall into the Lions Den
There cruelly to die.  This Daniel knew, and yet die fill.
Serve God as formerly.
Then to the King they do accuse
Him of Difloyalty,
Because unto the Kings Decree
He dar'd not to comply.
For this he's cast into the Den,
Of which the King repents,
And for his Servant Daniel
He wofully laments of the same of the Marine Against the Sins of Marine Against the Lieuwall and the same of the s
I he Lions will not touch him, but may that
Do seem to stand in fear ; A fear A Daniel in safety there remains, and it is a T
(For Daniel's God was there.)
At-which the King doth much rejoices on'T'
And foon does him deliver of die zuor bnA
His Enemies the Lions tear. I have his Servente aver
God loves his Servants ever 1 XXXI. Upon
You I

### XXXI. Upon the History of Jonah, Jonah 1. 2.



THE Word of God to Jonah came, Commanded Jonah to proclaim The vengeance of his Majesty Against the Sins of Nineveh.

But Jonah toward Tarshish went, A Tempest doth his course prevent, The Mariners are fore opprest While Jonah steeps and takes his rest.

The Pilot thumps on Jonah's Breast,
And rouzeth Jonah from his rest.
They all cast Lots, being fore affrighted,
The Sacred Lot on Jonah lighted,

They

They question Junab whence he came, His Country and his Peoples Name, He makes reply; they moan their woe, And ask his Counfel what to do.

The Prophet doth his fault discover, Persuades the Men to cast him over, They now and toil, but do no good, They pray to be excus d from Blood.

They cast the Propher over board,
The Storm allay &; they fear the Lord.
A mighty Fills him quick, sevous,
Where he remained many Hours.

Within the Bolly of the Whale
He doth his misery bewail,
God hears his Pray'r, at whose command
The Fish out casts him on the Land.

The second time was Jonah sent and sall To Nineveb; now Jonah went, and The Against their crying Sins he cry'd, And their Destruction prophesied. The

The Ninevites believe his Word, Their Hearts they turn unto the Lord, In him they put their only truft, Since he's both Merciful, and Just.

XXXII. Upon

## XXXII. Upon the Producal Son,



Two Sons unto a certain Man
Were Born; with whom they live
Until they were grown up; but then
The youngest seems to grieve.

That he must always dwell at Home, of on'T Therefore abroad will he, is work of Let me, says he, my Portion have, it straig A

I'll Travel presently. And right bald His Father, though unwillingly and add Unto him doth consent, with him. To a far Countrey went.

KXXII. Ugon

Where

Where he with Riot foon doth wafte
All that with him he brought,
Women, and Wine, and Gluttony
His Ruin quickly wrought.

And which did much increase his woe,
A Famine in that Land
Then happened, which caused him
In want of Food to stand.

On Husks he could have fed,
It may be he would no re have thought
Of coming Home for Bread.

His Fathers House to mind, He finds his Father kind.

His Fathers House to mind, He finds his Father kind.

With Kiffes, Robe, With Shoes and Ring.
Far'd berief history, grid Fores and Rills and Aller Hotel Hotel History,
But Sores and interprete mind dtob H

And pleads that to it ought to de, will Do None should of its ought to de will be will be might be min

14

XXXIII. Upon

### XXXIII. Upon Dives and Lazarus. Sr. Luke 16.



Dives was bleft with happiness,

But Lazarus was poor;

Dives lives high, but Lazarus

Doth beg from door to door.

The very world of Dives Slaves Z stall

Far d better fur than he anon in M bal

Whose Clearlie were Rags; he nothing bath
But Sores and Milery and doob all

At Dives Door Lazarie begs
Only fome Crumbs of Bread
Which from his Riotous Table fell, and the Wherewith he might be fed.

At length both on their Death beds fye,
And both now equal from,
But after death, Dives is vile
And Lazarus in esteem.

The Beggar goes to Heav'n, and there In Abrabam's Bosom lies.

The Rich Man is in Hell, and there Though dying, never dies.

From whence he Lazarur fees, and elech Of Father Abraham crave, He would fend Lazarur back again

His Bethren to Gre

Yea being in great milery

He humbly doth intreat,

A drop of Water for to cool

His Tongue inflam d with heat.

But this his crystand forenge request they they begin and the Boile of Boile of the Boile of the

Remember Sen, faith the, Ishint them iffer of the Thou good things did in the property of the Lazarus, easily therefore not be the feel of the Theory of the

MA

XXXIV. Upon

# XXXIV. Upon the death of Ananias and Saphira, Acts 5.



These two dwelt in ferulated.

And did the Faith profess.

Yet these two lost their Lives because.

They acted wickedness.

They come and deal decentify it sidt tull
Before the Lord of Plotto b madard a

Yea they presume to tell a mid shid aH

For felling chain Possession, they will man Theorem The Part of the possession of the Part of the possession of the Part of the possession of the Part of the Part

And then they falfly did affirm They nothing did retain,

Thinking St. Peter to deceive, But found it was in Vain.

He foon discovers the deceit,
And plainly doth declare,
Sates had fill'd their House

Satan had fill'd their Hearts with Lies, 'Caufe God they did not fear,

To them his word was like a Sword, He need do nothing more;

Vengeance o retakes them; and they dead Are carried out of door.

Great fear from hence falls upon all,
They the Apostles dread,

Since God even by their word alone, and a So foon strikes sinners dead.

Let this a warning be to all VI has in 2 ill That they avoid a Lie, and O aid oH

But speak the truth in righteousnessed doid W And in sincerity, accounted to a bloo W

Lest such a sudden dismal Fate

Do unto them befal,

As unto these two bappened, God's Justice can reach all.

XXXV. Upon

XXXV. Upon the Stoning of St. Stephen. Acts 6, 7. Chapters.



Stephen was a Man of mighty Faith,
Who many Wonders wrought,
The Doctrine of Christ his Lord
With Pow'r the People taught.

His Spirit and Wisdom was so great He his Opposers soil'd,

Which made them to malicious they and last Would not be reconciled.

Falle Witnesses they then set up deal for His Life away to take,

XXXXV. Upone

Who swear; that he blasphemously 'Gainst th' Law and Temple spake,

He

He to the Councel's led by those Who 'gainst him did combine,

Hi Face when he began to plead Did like an Angels thine.

Having their leave; he then begins, And thews how God did lead

Of old his people Ifraet, And them delivered.

But coming close, and charging them With guiltless Blood; they cry Out all at once; Let's him condemn Per be hall lurely die.

Mean while he looks up stedfastly To Heaven; and there sees stand The Son of Man in glory great as we do it Placed at Gods right hand

Out of the City then he's caft, And stoned till he dies, But Stephenev'n to the very laft Like a true Martyr cries,

Lord lay not to their charge this fin. My Saul receive and keep. He gain'd the Crown of Martyrdom, And then he fell affeep,

XXXVI, Upon

### XXXVI. Upon St. Paul's Shipwrack, Acts 26, 27. chap.



C Aint Paul was failing unto Rome When los ftorm arofe, as Which was to flerce and violent o noe ad I They could it not oppose.

The Men were much affrighted, fince They faw no hope at all, benoft bath They fear destruction on them will and sue

Like a true Martyr criesllad yldativenI

St. Paul them comforts, and affures al broad Though they in danger are, MA

Yet all shall save their Lives, for so God did to him declare of ad nadi bathe

XXXVI, Upon

The storm more furious grows, and all Their labour doth confound,

At length the Ship in pieces breaks, By being run a-ground.

Each Man then for himself shifts; so By skilful swimming, and

The broken pieces of the Ship, They all come fafe to Land.

Having this danger thus escapt,
They are on Make thrown,
And there by the Inhabitants,
Much kindness had them shown.

But when St. Paul had gathered Iticks
To make a Fire at Land,

A Viper came out of the heat And fastened on his Hand.

Whereat the people look on him As he a Murderer were,

Who though he had escap'd the Sea,
Yet vengeance follow'd there.

But when they did observe that he Receiv'd no hurt thereby.

They quickly change their minds; and now He is a God, they cry.

D 3

Upon

# Upon Death.



C An he be rounted Fair
Who withers at a blaft,
Or he be Strong, one breath of wind
Into the Grave can cast?

Can he be counted Wife

Who knows not how to live,

Or can he be a Rich Man call'd

Who nothing hath to give?

Upons

Can he be reckoned Young is york north and That's feebled week and wan issess So Fair, to Strong, to very Wile, up to I So Rich, to Young is Man. of a city

So

So Fair is Man, that Death Even with one parting blaft,

Blafts all his fair and dainty Flow'rs,

So mighty Strong is Man, That with a gasping Breath,

He totters, falls, and then bequeaths His boatted ftrength to Death.

So Wife is man that if
With Death he once do strive,

His Wildom never can him teach. How he one Hour shall live.

So Rich is Man that when He once his debts hath paid,

His Wealth's his winding fheet wherein a Even he himself is laid.

So Young is Man that when
He's broke with care and forrow,

He's old enough this very day, and o't'
That he may die to morrow.

Why brag'st thou then, thou Worm
Who are but five Foot long?

For thou art neither Fair nor Strong, Nor Wife, nor Rich, nor Toung.

D 4

Upon

# Upon Judgment.



THE dreadful Trump shall blow, The Dead awak'd shall rise, And then unto the Clouds they all Shall turn their wandring Eyes.

The Heav ns shall opened be,
The Bridegroom forth shall come
To Judge the World, and to bestow
On all the World her Doom.

Joy it shall be to th? Just,

To the Wicked endless smart,

To these the blessed voice bids, Come,

To these it bids, Depart.

Depart

#### Upon Judgment.

Depart you must from life, Yet dying live for ever;

For ever you will dying be, And yet you will die never

Depart from me like Dogs, With Devilstake your Lot,

Like Devils all depart from me Because I know you not,

Like Dogs, like Devils go, Go cry, and howl, and bark,

Depart and into Darknels fly.

Because your deeds were dark

Let yells and roarings be

Your Mufick; and your Food The Flesh of Vipers and of Toads;

Your Drink shall be their Blood.

Let Devils you afflict

With fcorn, reproach and shame,

Depart, depart away from me Into Eternal Flame.

Of wretched finners be.

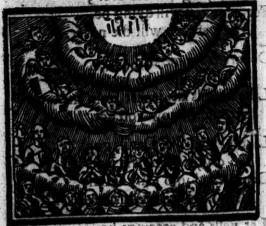
Who

O Lord give me my Hell on Earth, and T' Lord give me Heaven with thee,

DF

17 post

# Depart you ne was In mod V



Then I do contemplate V wo Y The New Jerufalem, 1 1 adT Wherein there is referv'd for me My Crown, my Diadem.

Oh! what a Heaven of Blis My Soul by this enjoys, record the volume of the My Soul by this enjoys, receipt the My Soul by the My Soul by

Into the Heaven of Joys.

Where there are Troops of Powers, Of Virtues, Cherubittis, There Angels and Archangels wie bro. 10 With Salmes and Seraphins, via broad

Who still are singing praise
Unto their Heavenly King.
Their Songs and Hallelujahs they
For ever to him fing.

Where joys are full and pure.
And are not mixt with mourning.
Where they continue without end

From which there's no returning.

No Theft nor Gruelty,
No Murder harbours there,
No hoary headed Care afflicts
Nor yet no fudden Fear.

No pinching Want is there,
No griping fast Oppression,
Nor Death which is the just reward

Of the first Man's transgression.

But dearest Friendship, Love, and shall And Everlasting Pleasure, who on our Do there abide continually a school of Without decay, or measure, ad life.

Fulness of Riches, Joy
And Comfort sempiternal
Excess, yet without surfeiting, is is in a life Ereman.

## Upon Helling In odvy



1907 Floren

The Pangs that there are born.

These Burnings cann't be quenchr, bull No not with tears of Blood, see and And No mournful growns, mordoleful fights of Will here do any good, and dechout W

Nay all that can be faid, The Bonin To express the pain of those of hard In Hell, comes thorn, they are enwrapt To Everlatting woes, and add this Fair

For

For Time there finds no end,
And Plagues find no exemption,
Their cries admit no help, for from
That place is no redemption.

Where Fire lacks no Flame,

Therewith the Flame to hear,

To make their torments more fevere, and I

Their miseries to compleat.

Where wretched Souls for ever half To tortures bound shall be,
Where they shall serve a world of years,
Yet never shall be free.

Where nothing's heard but yells'
And groans, and woful cries,
And where the Fire ne're abates,

The Worm there never dies.

That Worm which ever gnaws.

The Pit upon them thuts its Jaws H nA

It's terrible no doubt i ed bod stadus 1/14

nutquas Red Sea they pulk.

The Song of Moses, when Pharaoh and his Hoft were Drowned in the Red Sea.

Exodus 15.

Then sang Moses and the Children of Israel this Song unto the Lord, and spake, Saving.

To the Lord will fing for he Triumpht in Glory 10, The Horse he and his Rider down Into the Sea did throw.

The Lord's my Strength and Song, and he

Is my Salvation,
My God he is, I'll him prepare disease back
An Habitation it study medit noqui i'll se The Pit upon

My Fathers God he is allow on aldiviou all I will exalt his Fame.

The Lord he is a Man of War, I sail storie tell My Mule mule me sman, sid at dayoff

He Pharaob's Charious and his Hoft is went bro. I But never frew utfles dash see see And his choice Captains Drowned were

As i'm Red Sea they paft.

	Sunk down even as a Stope, 188 vol half Jehovah thy Right Hand in power did all allowed Most glorious is alone.
	Lord thy Right Hand in pieces dashe Those that against thee rose, And in thine Excellency Great Thou hast o'rethrown thy Foes.
	Thou didft send forth thy wrath, which as The stubble did them waste, Together gathered were the waves Even with thy Nostrils blass.
	The Floods flood upright as an heap,  The depths in mid-fea rofe,  The Foe faid, I'll purfue, I'il catch,  I will the spoil dispose.
	My Sword draw out will I,  My Hand shall them again posses,  Or spoil them utterly.
	The Sea them covered.  They in the mighty waters funk in the mighty wa
	Lord who's like thee among the Gods? Hand Who's like thee? glorious.  In holiness, fearful in praise, and a second I In doings marvellous.
***	When thou didft forth the Right Hand french.  The Earth them (wallowed, here to no after the people whom thou haft Redeem of Thou haft in Mercy led.

58 Thou by thy ffrength shall guide them to That Holy Seat of thine, and the season The Folk shall hear, and fear, and grieve Shall they of Palestine. ivelt chrisus is slove. Then Edom's Dukes shall be amaz'd, And Moab's mighty men Trembling shall seize; away shall melt All Canaan's dwellers then. Fear upon them and dread shall fall By thy Hands mightiness, the bill old diffe d' They shall lye still as doth a Stone with 135 1950 I Until the People pass Until thy People Lord shall pass, Which thou haft purchased, Till thou hast them brought in, and in Thy Mount established. The Mount of thine Inheritance, O Lord, the place wherein Thou haft prepar'd thy Sanctuary For thee to dwell therein. Lord, which thy Hands established; Teboval he fhall Reign. For evermore, through Ages all dain add to yad I For ever Sovereign. Asifithey had been For Pharash's Horse and Chariots, And Horlemen down they went Into the Sea; John then The Sea upon them fent. The waters of the Sea on them. He rurned back in hafte. But on dry Land i'th midft o'th' Sea 1713 off The Sons of Heael paft, but Thou hast in Mer

#### And Miriam answered them,

Sing to the Lord for he excels
In glorious renown,
He hath the Horse and Rider both
Into the Sea cast down.

Samson's Triumph over the Philistines, when he had slain a thousand with the faw-bone of an Ass.

S Amfon rejoice, be fill'd with mirth, Let all Judea know, And tell the Princes of the Earth How strong an Arm hast thou.

How has thy dead inricht the Land,
And purpl'd o're the Grais,
Thou hadft no weapon in thy Hand
But th' Jaw-bone of an Afs!

How does thy firength and high renown
The glory of men furpais,
Thine Arm bath firuck a thousand down
With th' Jaw-bone of an Ais!

Let Samfon's glorious name endure.
Till time thall bring forth One,
Whose greater glory thall obscure.
The glory thou hast won.

David's Lamentation over Saul and Jonathan.

Serioters I-torne

And David lamented with this Lamentation over Saul, and over Jonathan his Son.

2 Sam. 1. 19.

THE Beauty of Ifrail is flain
How are the Mighty fallen down?
In Gath this never cry

Nor tell't in Streets of Askelon

Left Phitifines rejoice,

Left Daughters of th' uncircumicis'd Make a triumphant noise.

Ye Mountains high of Gibba,
Let there be never Dew,
Let neither Rain, nor Fields again
Of Offering be on you.

For there the mighty One his Shield Receiv'd difgraceful foil. The Shield of Saul as he had not Anointed been with Oyl.

The Bow of Jonathan turned nor Back from the Blood o'th' flain, From far o'th' Mighry; and Saul's Sword-Returned not in vain.

Lovely and pleasant in their Lives
Were Saul and Jonethes,
And in their death, and latest breath
Was no division.

They

#### Scripture Hymns.

They swifter were than Eagles far,
They Lions did excel
In strength. O weep ye over Saul,
Daughters of Israel.

Who did in Scarlet you array
With deckings manifold.
Who did on your Apparel lay
Rich Ornaments of Gold.

O thou, my Brother Jonathan,
I am diffrest for thee,
A pleasant, kind Companion

Thou hast been unto me.

Past that of Women far,
How are the Mighty fall'n? and how
Are lost the Men of War,

The Prayer of Jonah to the Lord his God; out of the Whales Belly. Jonah 2.

I to the Lord in my diffress Did cry, and he gave ear, Out of Hells Belly cryed I, And he my voice did hear.

O Lord thou didft me caft.

The Floods me compaft, all thy Wares
And Billows o're me paft.

Then did I fay, I ntterly
Cast from thy fight remain
Yet to thy Holy Temple I
Will once more look again.

The

Did me incompass round,
The depths me round inclos'd, the weeds
About my head were bound.

To th' Mountains bottoms I went down,

Earths Bars did me befet,

Yet Lord my God, thou broughtest my life.

Up from corruptions Pit.

When as my Souldid faint in me
The Lord remembred I,
Even then my Pray'r came unto thee
Into thy Sanctuary.

They their own mercies leave, that do Mind Lying Vanities,
But with the voice of giving thanks
To thee I'll Sacrifice.

The thing the which I vowed have
To pay I will accord,
Because alone Salvation
Proceedeth from the Lord.

## Conclusion.

Holy, Holy, Holy Lord,
Th' Almighty God alone,
Which was, and is, and is to come,
Who fitteff-orthe Throne.

Thou Glory, Honcur, and great Pow'r
Lord, worthy are to take,
For thou mad'ff all, they are and were
Made for thy pleasures take.

## A Poem upon Death and Judgment.

THE Day of wrath that dreadful day, Shall the whole World in Ashes lay, As both the Psalms and Sybils say.

What horror will diftract your mind, When the ftrict Judge who should be kind, Shall have sew vental faults to find?

The last loud Trumpets wondrous sound Shall through the cleaving Graves rebound; And wake the Nations under-ground.

Nature and Death shall with surprise Behold the Conscious wretches rise, And view the Judge with frighted Eyes.

Then shall with Universal dread brook with all land. The Sacred Mystick Roll be read, I thin and an bath To try the Living and the Dead, I no hob work and I

The Judge ascends his awful Throne, Grant when he makes all secrets known, How will a guilty Face be shown?

What Interceffor shall I take,
To save my last important stake,
When the most Just hach cause to quake?

Thou mighty formidable King, and paraville of shirt of W Mercy and Truths Eternal Springs of the paragraph and I Some charitable pity brings in mile approach to the standard

In Storms of guilty Terrors loft,
Forget not what my Ranfom coft,
Nor let my dear bought Soul be loft.

Thou

Thou who for me haft felt fuch pain, Whose precious Blood the Cross did flain. Let not thy Death and Birth be vain,

Thou whom avenging Powers obey. Remit my Debt, too vast to pay, Before the last accounting day.

Surrounded with amazing Fears, Whose load my Soul with anguish bears, I figh, I weep, accept my Tears.

Thou who wast mov'd with Maries Grief. And by absolving of a Thief, Haft given me Hope, Oh! give Relief.

Reject not my unworthy Prayers, But free me from those dreadful Snares, That hungry, gaping Hell prepares.

Oh! let thy Bloud my Crimes Efface, And fix me with those Heirs of Grace. That thou doft on To try the Land place. on yur o'l

From that Portentous vaft Aby is, and and Where Flames devour and Serpents Hils, Call me to thy Eternal Blifs.

Proftrate, my contrite Heart I rend; My God, my Father and my Friend, Do not forfake me in my end.

Well may they Carle their fecond Breath, TITIS Who rife to a feverer Death.

Thou Great Creator of Mankind. Let finful Soul compation find

Could we divide a Moment to the Eye, We should fee Life the Moment that we die. And Faith does fully that defect supply,

For though my Body Dies, it is not L.

